

## Technical Data Sheet

**Hostalen CRP 100 RESIST CR BLACK**

High Density Polyethylene

**Product Description**

Hostalen CRP 100 RESIST CR black is a high density polyethylene (HDPE), black coloured similar RAL 9004 with high melt viscosity for extrusion, injection and compression moulding. The product is classified as PE 100-RC and provides a very good long term hydrostatic strength. Especially developed for non-conventional pipe installation methods the product has a superior resistance to slow crack growth. It fulfils the material requirements of PAS 1075:2009-04.

This grade is not intended for medical and pharmaceutical applications.

This grade is supported for use in drinking water applications.

<b>Application</b>	Drinking Water Pipe; Gas Pipe; Industrial; Soil & Waste Pipe
<b>Market</b>	Industrial, Building & Construction; Pipe
<b>Processing Method</b>	Compression Molding; Pipe; Sheet
<b>Attribute</b>	Good Abrasion Resistance; Good Chemical Resistance; Good Creep Resistance; Good Heat Aging Resistance; Good Organoleptic Properties; Good UV Resistance; Good Wear Resistance; Good Weather Resistance; High Density; High ESCR (Environmental Stress Cracking Resistance); High Viscosity; Weldable

Typical Properties	Nominal Value	Units	Test Method
<b>Physical</b>			
Melt Flow Rate			
(190 °C/5.0 kg)	0.23	g/10 min	ISO 1133-1
(190 °C/21.6 kg)	6.4	g/10 min	ISO 1133-1
Density	0.958	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	ISO 1183-1
Bulk Density, (23 °C)	580	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	ISO 60
<b>Mechanical</b>			
Flexural Creep Modulus			
(4-point loading / 1 min)	1200	MPa	DIN 16841
(4-point loading / 24 hr)	560	MPa	DIN 16841
(4-point loading / 2000 hr)	330	MPa	DIN 16841
Tensile Modulus, (23 °C)	1100	MPa	ISO 527-1, -2
Tensile Creep Modulus			
(1 hr / 2 MPa)	850	MPa	ISO 899-1
(1000 hr / 2 MPa)	360	MPa	ISO 899-1
Tensile Stress at Yield, (23 °C, 50 mm/min)	23	MPa	ISO 527-1, -2
Tensile Strain at Break, (23 °C)	650	%	ISO 527-1, -2
Tensile Strain at Yield, (23 °C, 50 mm/min)	9	%	ISO 527-1, -2

Strain Hardening Modulus (SHT), (80°C / 0.3mm thickness)	>=53	MPa	ISO 18488
Cracked Round Bar Test (CRB), (23°C/ 14*1.4 mm/12.5 MPa)	>=1.5	Mill. Cycles	ISO 18498
MRS Classification	10	MPa	ISO 9080
FNCT, (4.0 MPa, 2% Arkopal N100, 80 °C)	>=8760	hr	ISO 16770
Accelerated FNCT			
(4 MPa, 6.67% Dehyton PL, 90°C)	>=550	hr	ISO 16770
(5 MPa, 6.67% Dehyton PL, 90°C)	300	hr	ISO 16770
<b>Impact</b>			
Charpy Impact Strength - Notched			
(23 °C)	26	kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179-1/1eA
(-30 °C)	13	kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179-1/1eA
<b>Hardness</b>			
Shore Hardness, (Shore D, 3 sec)	63		ISO 868
<b>Thermal</b>			
Vicat Softening Temperature, (B50)	74	°C	ISO 306
Oxidation Induction Time, (210 °C)	30	min	ISO 11357-6
DSC Melting Point	129	°C	ISO 11357-3
Thermal Conductivity, (23 °C)	0.42	W/m*K	EN ISO 22007-2
<b>Additive</b>			
Carbon Black Content	2.25	%	ISO 6964
Carbon Black Dispersion, (Microtome Cut) Measured on Pellets	<=3		ISO 18553
Rating of Appearance	<=B		ISO 18553
<b>Additional Information</b>			
Odor Threshold measured on pellets / 30°C / 4 h extraction time	<=2		EN 1622/EN 1420
<b>Conformance Testing</b>			
Resistance to Rapid Crack Propagation, Pc @ 0 °C S4 Test / DN630 SDR11 S4 Test / DN250 SDR 11	>=10	bar	ISO 13477
Notched Pipe Test, (80 °C, 4.6 MPa)	8760	hr	ISO 13479
Accel. Notched Pipe Test (ANPT), (80°C, 4.6 MPa, 2% Arkopal N100)	300	hr	ISO 13479

## Notes

These are typical property values not to be construed as specification limits.

## Processing Techniques

Users should determine the conditions necessary to obtain optimum product properties and suitability of the product for the intended application.

Recommended melt temperatures: 190 °C to 230 °C.

Specific recommendations for resin type and processing conditions can only be made when the end use, required properties and fabrication equipment are known.

## Further Information

### **Health and Safety:**

The resin is manufactured to the highest standards, but special requirements apply to certain applications such as food end-use contact and direct medical use. For specific information on regulatory compliance contact your local representative.

Workers should be protected from the possibility of skin or eye contact with molten polymer. Safety glasses are suggested as a minimal precaution to prevent mechanical or thermal injury to the eyes.

Molten polymer may be degraded if it is exposed to air during any of the processing and off-line operations. The products of degradation may have an unpleasant odor. In higher concentrations they may cause irritation of the mucus membranes. Fabrication areas should be ventilated to carry away fumes or vapours. Legislation on the control of emissions and pollution prevention should be observed.

The resin will burn when supplied with excess heat and oxygen. It should be handled and stored away from contact with direct flames and/or ignition sources. While burning, the resin contributes high heat and may generate a dense black smoke.

Recycled resins may have previously been used as packaging for, or may have otherwise been in contact with, hazardous goods. Converters are responsible for taking all necessary precautions to ensure that recycled resins are safe for continued use.

For further information about safety in handling and processing please refer to the Safety Data Sheet.

### **Conveying:**

Conveying equipment should be designed to prevent production and accumulation of fines and dust particles that are contained in polymer resins. These particles can under certain conditions pose an explosion hazard. Conveying systems should be grounded, equipped with adequate filters and regularly inspected for leaks.

### **Storage:**

The resin is packed in 25 kg bags, octabins or bulk containers protecting it from contamination. If it is stored under certain conditions, i. e. if there are large fluctuations in ambient temperature and the atmospheric humidity is high, moisture may condense inside the packaging. Under these circumstances, it is recommended to dry the resin before use. Unfavorable storage conditions may also intensify the resin's slight characteristic odor.

Resin should be protected from direct sunlight, temperatures above 40°C and high atmospheric humidity during storage. Higher storage temperatures may reduce the storage time.

The information submitted is based on our current knowledge and experience. In view of the many factors that may affect processing and application, these data do not relieve processors of the responsibility of carrying out their own tests and experiments; neither do they imply any legally binding assurance of certain properties or of suitability for a specific purpose. This information does not remove the obligation of the customer to inspect the material on arrival and notify us of any faults immediately. It is the responsibility of those to whom we supply our products to ensure that any proprietary rights and existing laws and legislation are observed.

### **Company Information**

For further information regarding the LyondellBasell company, please visit <http://www.lyb.com/>.

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